

# TECHNICAL ADDENDUM



PERMACONN™

## PERMACONN – Typical Fire Panel Connection to Permaconn

### Background:

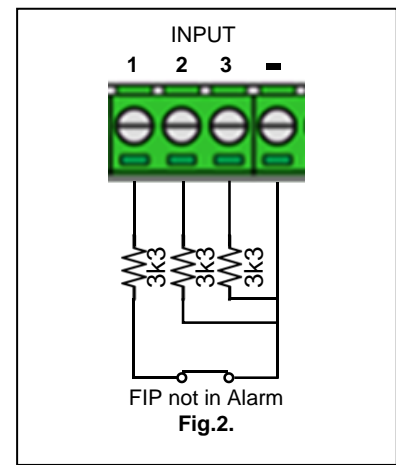
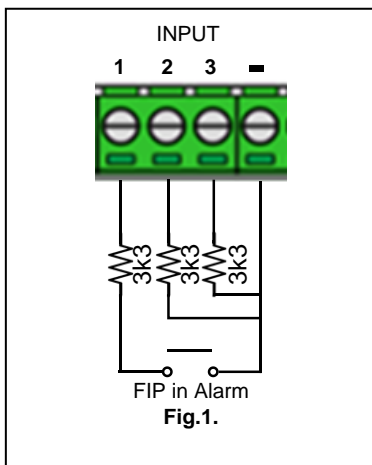
The Permaconn can be used as a NON dialler capture device, this mean there is NO dialler connection between the FIP and the Permaconn. This will cause the dialler interface on the Permaconn in Atlas to appear **FAILED** in red. This will not send an event unless it senses a change in state. This cannot be disabled, however a note can be added in the history that the dialler is not used and it is connected to a fire panel. Also during the activation under the 'Name' section simply add Fire Panel after the name. The 3 inputs and 3 outputs work as normal.

### How the Inputs work?:

- There are 3 inputs or zones that can be utilised.
- These inputs are NOT programmable.
- These inputs are 24hr zones.
- Each input requires 3K3 Ω sealing resister. See **Fig.1**.
- An open circuit on the input will trigger the input and send an immediate event. See **Fig.1**.
- A restore on the contacts will send an immediate restore event. See **Fig.2**.

The table below shows the behaviour of the 3 inputs.

Input	CID	Partition	Zone
1	140	0	981
2	140	0	982
3	140	0	983



E.g. of an Alarm event sent to monitoring station:

In TEXT:-  
**10:23:45 Wed 29 Jun 2016**  
 Account: 0001  
 Event: **Input 1 on Permaconn unit**  
 Partition: 00 - Zone: 981

E.g. of an Restore event sent to monitoring station

In TEXT:-  
**10:24:20 Wed 29 Jun 2016**  
 Account: 0001  
 Restore: **Input 1 on Permaconn unit**  
 Partition: 00 - Zone: 981

In CID CODE:-  
**10:23:45 Wed 29 Jun 2016**  
 0001 E140 00 C981

In CID CODE:-  
**10:24:20 Wed 29 Jun 2016**  
 0001 R140 00 C981

Typical Fire Panel wiring connections showing Alarm and Fault relays:

